## Senate



General Assembly

File No. 617

January Session, 2015

Substitute Senate Bill No. 1082

Senate, April 13, 2015

The Committee on Government Administration and Elections reported through SEN. CASSANO, S. of the 4th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the Senate, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

# AN ACT PERMITTING STATE AGENCIES TO ESTABLISH ELECTRONIC FILING SYSTEMS FOR AGENCY PROCEEDINGS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 4-166 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):
- 3 As used in this chapter:
- 4 (1) "Agency" means each state board, commission, department or
- 5 officer authorized by law to make regulations or to determine
- 6 contested cases, but does not include either house or any committee of
- 7 the General Assembly, the courts, the Council on Probate Judicial
- 8 Conduct, the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or Attorney General, or
- 9 town or regional boards of education, or automobile dispute
- settlement panels established pursuant to section 42-181;
- 11 (2) "Approved regulation" means a regulation submitted to the
- 12 Secretary of the State in accordance with the provisions of section 4-

- 13 172;
- 14 (3) "Certification date" means the date the Secretary of the State 15 certifies, in writing, that the eRegulations System is technologically 16 sufficient to serve as the official compilation and electronic repository 17 in accordance with section 4-173b;
- 18 (4) "Contested case" means a proceeding, including but not 19 restricted to rate-making, price fixing and licensing, in which the legal 20 rights, duties or privileges of a party are required by state statute or 21 regulation to be determined by an agency after an opportunity for 22 hearing or in which a hearing is in fact held, but does not include 23 proceedings on a petition for a declaratory ruling under section 4-176, 24 hearings referred to in section 4-168 or hearings conducted by the 25 Department of Correction or the Board of Pardons and Paroles;
- (5) "Final decision" means (A) the agency determination in a contested case, (B) a declaratory ruling issued by an agency pursuant to section 4-176, or (C) an agency decision made after reconsideration. The term does not include a preliminary or intermediate ruling or order of an agency, or a ruling of an agency granting or denying a petition for reconsideration;
- 32 (6) "Hearing officer" means an individual appointed by an agency to 33 conduct a hearing in an agency proceeding. Such individual may be a 34 staff employee of the agency;
- 35 (7) "Intervenor" means a person, other than a party, granted status 36 as an intervenor by an agency in accordance with the provisions of 37 subsection (d) of section 4-176 or subsection (b) of section 4-177a;
- 38 (8) "License" includes the whole or part of any agency permit, 39 certificate, approval, registration, charter or similar form of permission 40 required by law, but does not include a license required solely for 41 revenue purposes;
- 42 (9) "Licensing" includes the agency process respecting the grant, 43 denial, renewal, revocation, suspension, annulment, withdrawal or

- 44 amendment of a license;
- 45 (10) "Party" means each person (A) whose legal rights, duties or
- 46 privileges are required by statute to be determined by an agency
- 47 proceeding and who is named or admitted as a party, (B) who is
- 48 required by law to be a party in an agency proceeding, or (C) who is
- 49 granted status as a party under subsection (a) of section 4-177a;
- 50 (11) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation,
- 51 limited liability company, association, governmental subdivision,
- 52 agency or public or private organization of any character, but does not
- 53 include the agency conducting the proceeding;
- 54 (12) "Personal delivery" means delivery directly to the intended
- 55 recipient or a recipient's designated representative and includes, but is
- 56 <u>not limited to, delivery by electronic mail to an electronic mail address</u>
- 57 <u>identified by the recipient as an acceptable means of communication;</u>
- [(12)] (13) "Presiding officer" means the member of an agency or the
- 59 hearing officer designated by the head of the agency to preside at the
- 60 hearing;
- [(13)] (14) "Proposed final decision" means a final decision proposed
- by an agency or a presiding officer under section 4-179;
- [(14)] (15) "Proposed regulation" means a proposal by an agency
- 64 under the provisions of section 4-168 for a new regulation or for a
- change in, addition to or repeal of an existing regulation;
- [(15)] (16) "Regulation" means each agency statement of general
- 67 applicability, without regard to its designation, that implements,
- 68 interprets, or prescribes law or policy, or describes the organization,
- 69 procedure, or practice requirements of any agency. The term includes
- 70 the amendment or repeal of a prior regulation, but does not include
- 71 (A) statements concerning only the internal management of any
- 72 agency and not affecting private rights or procedures available to the
- 73 public, (B) declaratory rulings issued pursuant to section 4-176, or (C)
- 74 intra-agency or interagency memoranda;

75 [(16)] (17) "Regulation-making" means the process for formulation 76 and adoption of a regulation;

- [(17)] (18) "Regulation-making record" means the documents specified in subsection (b) of section 4-168b and includes any other documents created, received or considered by an agency during the regulation-making process; and
- [(18)] (19) "Regulations of Connecticut state agencies" means the official compilation of all permanent regulations adopted by all state agencies subsequent to October 27, 1970, organized by title number, subtitle number and section number.
- Sec. 2. Section 4-60s of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):
- 87 (a) Each agency of the Executive Department of the state 88 government shall explore the feasibility of converting all applications 89 and forms used by the public to electronic format and create an 90 inventory of all forms used by such agency.
- 91 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 54, an agency as 92 defined in section 4-166, as amended by this act, may suspend any 93 requirements for paper filing or service of documents requirements 94 contained in any regulation adopted by such agency pursuant to 95 subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 4-167 and may establish an 96 electronic filing system for formal and informal agency proceedings. 97 Such agency, before establishing such a system, shall give at least 98 thirty days' notice by posting on its Internet web site and publishing in the Connecticut Law Journal a notice of its intended action and the 99 100 instructions for the use of such system. Any agency establishing such a 101 system shall grant a request from a person, as defined in section 4-166, 102 as amended by this act, for an exemption from any electronic filing 103 requirements due to a hardship communicated in writing to the 104 agency, including, but not limited to, a lack of access to a device 105 capable of electronic filing or the incompatibility of a specific filing 106 with the electronic filing system.

Sec. 3. Section 4-56a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

- Procedures prescribed pursuant to sections 4-53, 4-56 and 4-57a shall not be deemed to constitute state regulations within the meaning of subdivision [(15)] (16) of section 4-166, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 4. Section 4-61ii of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):
- 114 Any state agency utilizing or contemplating the utilization of 115 volunteers shall be responsible for the development, continuation or 116 expansion of volunteer programs within the agency. Each state agency 117 may, for the purposes of fulfilling its responsibilities under sections 4-118 61hh to 4-61mm, inclusive, do any or all of the following: (1) Utilize 119 salaried professional staff to develop meaningful qualified 120 opportunities for volunteers involved in carrying out the functions of 121 the agency; (2) develop written rules governing the recruitment, 122 screening, training, responsibility, utilization, supervision and 123 evaluation of its volunteers, but such rules shall not be deemed to be 124 regulations as defined in [subdivision (15) of] section 4-166, as 125 amended by this act; (3) take such actions as are necessary to ensure 126 that volunteers and paid employees understand their respective duties 127 and responsibilities toward one another and their respective roles in 128 fulfilling the functions of the agency; (4) develop and implement 129 orientation and training programs for volunteers; and (5) contract with 130 other state agencies, as it deems necessary.
- Sec. 5. Subdivision (14) of subsection (a) of section 15-120cc of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):
- 134 (14) Adopt rules for the conduct of its business which shall not be 135 considered regulations, as defined in [subdivision (15) of] section 4-136 166, as amended by this act;
- Sec. 6. Subsection (a) of section 32-435 of the general statutes is

repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2015*):

- 140 (a) There is hereby established and created a body politic and 141 corporate, constituting a public instrumentality and political 142 subdivision of the state of Connecticut established and created for the 143 performance of an essential public and governmental function, to be 144 known as the Connecticut Port Authority. The authority shall not be 145 construed to be a department, institution or agency of the state. The 146 purposes of the Connecticut Port Authority shall be to coordinate port 147 development, with a focus on private and public investments, pursue 148 federal and state funds for dredging and other infrastructure 149 improvements to increase cargo movement through Connecticut ports, 150 market the advantages of such ports to the domestic and international 151 shipping industry, coordinate the planning and funding of capital 152 projects promoting the development of such ports and develop 153 strategic entrepreneurial initiatives that may be available to the state. 154 The authority is authorized and empowered to:
- 155 (1) Have perpetual succession as a body politic and corporate and to 156 adopt bylaws for the regulation of its affairs and the conduct of its 157 business;
- 158 (2) Adopt an official seal and alter the same at pleasure;
- 159 (3) Maintain an office at such place or places as it may designate;
- 160 (4) Sue and be sued in its own name, and plead and be impleaded;
- 161 (5) Develop an organizational and management structure that will 162 best accomplish the goals of the authority concerning Connecticut 163 ports;
- 164 (6) Create a code of conduct for the board of directors of the 165 authority consistent with part I of chapter 10;
- 166 (7) Adopt rules for the conduct of its business, which shall not be 167 considered regulations as defined in [subdivision (13) of] section 4-166,

#### as amended by this act; and

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169 (8) Adopt an annual budget and plan of operations, including a 170 requirement of board approval before the budget or plan may take 171 effect.

- Sec. 7. Subsection (a) of section 32-665 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1*, 2015):
- 175 (a) Except as otherwise provided in sections 32-650 to 32-668, 176 inclusive, the following provisions of the general statutes, including 177 regulations adopted thereunder, shall not apply to the overall project: 178 Section 3-14b, subdivisions [(12), (13) and (14)] (13) to (15), inclusive, of 179 section 4-166, as amended by this act, sections 4-167 to 4-174, inclusive, 180 4-181a, 4a-1 to 4a-59a, inclusive, 4a-63 to 4a-76, inclusive, title 4b, 181 section 16a-31, chapters 97a, 124 and 126, sections 14-311 to 14-314c, 182 inclusive, 19a-37, 22a-16 and subsection (a) of section 22a-19. For the 183 purposes of section 22a-12, construction plans relating to the overall 184 project shall not be considered construction plans required to be 185 submitted by state agencies to the Council on Environmental Quality. 186 Notwithstanding any provision of any special act, charter, ordinance, 187 home rule ordinance or chapter 98, no provision of any such act, 188 charter or ordinance or said chapter 98, concerning licenses, permits or 189 approvals by a political subdivision of the state pertaining to building 190 demolition or construction shall apply to the overall project and, 191 notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, the State 192 Building Inspector and the State Fire Marshal shall have original 193 jurisdiction with respect to the administration and enforcement of the 194 State Building Code and the Fire Safety Code, respectively, with 195 respect to all aspects of the overall project, including, without 196 limitation, the conduct of necessary reviews and inspections and the 197 issuance of any building permit, certificate of occupancy or other 198 necessary permits or certificates related to building construction, 199 occupancy or fire safety. For the purposes of part III of chapter 557, the 200 stadium facility project, the convention center project and the parking

project shall be deemed to be a public works project and consist of public buildings except that the provisions relating to payment of prevailing wages to workers in connection with a public works project including, but not limited to, section 31-53 shall not apply to the stadium facility project, the convention center project and the parking project if the project manager or the prime construction contractor has negotiated other wage terms pursuant to a project labor agreement. The provisions of section 2-32c and subsection (c) of section 2-79a shall not apply to any provisions of public act 99-241, as amended by public act 00-140, or chapter 588x concerning the overall project. Any building permit application with respect to the overall project shall be exempt from the assessment of an education fee under subsection (b) of section 29-252a.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following				
sections:				
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	4-166		
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	4-60s		
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	4-56a		
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	4-61ii		
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	15-120cc(a)(14)		
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2015</i>	32-435(a)		
Sec. 7	October 1, 2015	32-665(a)		

**GAE** Joint Favorable Subst.

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

#### **OFA Fiscal Note**

#### State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 16 \$	FY 17 \$
Various State Agencies	All Funds -	Minimal	Minimal
	Potential Savings		

Note: All Funds=All Funds

#### Municipal Impact: None

#### Explanation

The bill allows state agencies, boards, and commissions to deliver certain documents via electronic means and also allows such state entities to establish electronic document submission systems. State entities that utilize the ability to send and receive certain affected documents electronically may realize savings from reduced paper handling and storage.

#### The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue into the future subject to inflation.

# OLR Bill Analysis sSB 1082

## AN ACT PERMITTING STATE AGENCIES TO ESTABLISH ELECTRONIC FILING SYSTEMS FOR AGENCY PROCEEDINGS.

#### SUMMARY:

This bill allows e-mail delivery by state agencies to certain recipients of (1) final decisions made in a Uniform Administrative Procedure Act (UAPA) contested case, (2) rulings and actions in response to petitions for declaratory rulings, and (3) copies of declaratory rulings. It does so by defining "personal delivery" under the UAPA as delivery directly to the intended recipient or his or her designated representative, including e-mail delivery to an address the recipient identifies as an acceptable means of communication. By law, final decisions in contested cases and declaratory rulings (and associated agency actions in response to a petition for such a ruling) must either be mailed or "personally delivered."

The bill also allows an agency to suspend any requirements, contained in its regulations governing its rules of practice, for paper filing or document service for formal and informal agency proceedings. It instead allows the agency to establish an electronic filing system for the filings and service. Before establishing the system, the agency must give 30 days' notice on its web site and in the Connecticut Law Journal, including instructions for using the system. The bill requires agencies to exempt a person from electronic filing if the person provides written notice to the agency of a hardship. Under the bill, such hardships include (1) a lack of access to a device capable of electronic filing or (2) incompatibility of a specific filing with the electronic filing system.

The bill also makes technical and conforming changes.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2015

### **COMMITTEE ACTION**

Government Administration and Elections Committee

Joint Favorable Substitute

Yea 15 Nay 0 (03/25/2015)